



Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

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Carte Contenant Le Royaume Du Mexique Et La Floride, Dressez sur les meilleures observations & sur les Memoires les plus Nouveaux

Stock#: 68561
Map Maker: Chatelain
Date: 1719
Place: Amsterdam
Color: Hand Colored
Condition: VG+
Size: 20 x 16 inches
Price: SOLD



Description:

An Early Re-Issue of a Cartographic Landmark Map

This is a finely executed map of the southern part of North America by the French mapmaker Henri Chatelain. The map draws its inspiration from the royal mapmaker Guillaume de L'Isle's landmark map of the region and originally appeared in Chatelain's monumental seven-volume *Atlas Historique*.

The map illustrates the advancement of cartographic knowledge in the regions of Texas, Florida, and the Gulf Coast. These regions had only recently been opened to non-Spanish trade, which allowed for cartographic knowledge of the region to spread through Europe. De L'Isle, with his unrivalled access to knowledge and power, was able to fully take advantage of this newly available knowledge.

The map also provides marvelous detail of the regions drained by the Mississippi. The discoveries made during early French exploration of the region at the end of the 17th century was just beginning to find its way into printed maps at the time. Points of interest in this area include the Meschasipi or Great River, which flow away from the Missouri from an unknown source and to an unknown destination, as well as the numerous towns and tribes labeled in the region. In other parts of the continent, curiosities include Quivira, the seven cities of Cibola, an extensive Rio del Norte (Rio Grande), and a description of the great buffalo herds of the plains.

The map contains an extremely early reference to Chicago. On the southwest shore of Lake Michigan (Lac des Illinois), a small settlement named Checagou is marked. The name appears on several maps of the



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region in the period and was usually ascribed as a fort. The earliest European reference to the name appears to come from the French explorer de LaSalle when he constructed a small stockade at the portage there.

De L'Isle's Map

Chatelain bases his map on Guillaume De L'Isle's monumental *Carte du Mexique . . .*, first issued in 1703, along with several other of De L'Isle's works. De L'Isle's map is drawn from the reports brought back to France from the survivors of the LaSalle expedition as well as from information from the explorations of Bienville and d'Iberville. De L'Isle also leveraged his close relationship with the king of France to access the best available information regarding the New World. From this, he was able to use sources from French missionaries and Spanish manuscript maps. These manuscripts were oftentimes copied by the French missionaries once they had gained the trust of the Spanish.

The result of De L'Isle's labors was a series of landmark maps of North America, including his map of North America (*L'Amerique Septentrionale*, 1700), Canada and the Great Lakes (*Carte du Canada ou de la Nouvelle France*, 1703), the Mississippi Valley and Gulf Coast (*Carte de la Louisiane et du Cours du Mississipi*, 1708), and Mexico and Florida (*Carte Du Mexique et de la Floride*, 1703)

Carl Wheat called De L'Isle's map a "towering landmark along the path of Western cartographic development." De L'Isle's maps include greater accuracy in the Great Lakes region and an improved depiction of English settlements along the East Coast. There is excellent detail of the Indian villages in eastern Texas. This "profoundly influential" map (Cumming) provided the best depiction of the Southwest to date.

Detailed Condition: