

Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

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La Nobilisima Ciudad de Mexico dividida en quarteles de orden del Exmo. S. Virrey D. Martin de Mayorga Diziembre 12 de 1782.

Stock#: 49525ba **Map Maker:** Villavicencio

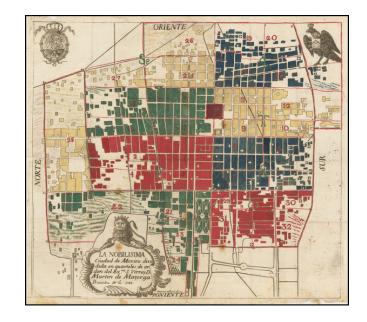
Date: 1782

Place: Mexico, D.F.
Color: Hand Colored

Condition: VG

Size: 13 x 12.5 inches

Price: SOLD



Description:

Colorful Plan of Mexico City from an Era of Reform

This is a fine example of Manuel Villavicencio's map of Mexico City, dated December 12, 1782. It shows the attempts at urban reforms that characterized city management in the eighteenth century.

The map includes a decorative title cartouche that reads, "The noble city of Mexico divided in quarters under the order of the Exalted Viceroy Martin de Mayorga." The cartouche is surrounded by a scalloped frame and topped by a crowned lion that surveys the viewer regally. The coat of arms of what may be the Mayorga family is in the upper left corner, while a crowned eagle holds another coat of arms in the right top corner.

Mexico City sprawls before the viewer, revealing that while the neighborhoods are called quarters, there are far more than four of them. In fact, there are over thirty neighborhoods cordoned off from each other by red lines. The quarters are brightly colored in red, green, yellow, and blue on this east-oriented map. Churches are marked with crosses and the city's open spaces and even manicured gardens are evident.

Barbara Mundy argues that city plans like this reflect an attempt by officials to control urban space and, by extension, society. The map was a way to portray a more orderly city than actually existed. For example, as recently as 1779, a smallpox epidemic raged through the city, killing one fifth of the



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population. Hospitals could not hold the bodies and they filled the streets-a far cry from the order desired by city officials.

The city plan made the settlement seem controlled and calm, which in turn fed the reformist measures that were enacted in New Spain during the eighteenth century. City plans, including this one, were part of a governmental regime of presumed mastery of space, despite everyday occurrences that most likely blurred the cleanly separated colors of the plan.

The map appeared in a rare book, titled *Ordenanza de la division de la nobilisima ciudad de Mexico en quarteles* by Don Baltasar Ladrón de Guevara and approved by Viceroy Don Martín Díaz de Mayorga (hence the plan's dedication). The book's purpose was to layout the cities' political and geographic contours, "with the intention to eradicate violence, robbery, and delinquency". The book's explanation reveals the very messiness that the plan glosses over. Rather than see all the quarters as the same, as they appear on the map, the author explains that there are some places that are better referred to as slums, or *arrabales*.

The author says that the city was divided into eight districts (represented by the colors), with 32 subdistricts (represented by the red numbers). This division made policing easier and administration more manageable for unpaid officials.

The book's author, Baltasar Ladrón de Guevara, was a lawyer born in Guatemala City, Guatemala in 1725. He died in 1804. Little is known about the mapmaker, Manuel Villavicencio, although another man with the same name continued to produce maps in the nineteenth century-a descendent, perhaps.

More is known about the subject of the dedication, the Viceroy Mayorga. As a young man, Mayorga joined the Spanish army and he rose to the rank of field marshal. He was actually the interim Viceroy, stepping in when the position fell vacant upon the death of Antonio María de Bucareli y Ursúa. At the time, Mayorga had been serving as the governor of the Captaincy General of Guatemala. He was being replaced, but the replacement had not yet arrived, leaving Mayorga to take the promotion. After the 1779 smallpox epidemic, Mayorga offered his resignation, only to see the gesture rejected. He again offered his resignation in 1783, when it was accepted and he returned to Spain, dying just as he reached the Iberian Peninsula.

While in power, Mayorga led a campaign to improve the capital, of which the book and plan were a part. He oversaw the paving of many streets and made the waterways more sanitary-he actively tried to make the city resemble the tidy plan dedicated to him.



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The map and book are quite rare. There are only a few examples of the book, with OCLC listing ten copies in US and Mexican libraries and at least one further copy in Spain.

Detailed Condition:

Minor soiling.