

Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

7407 La Jolla Boulevard La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500 blr@raremaps.com

[Early Ming Borderland Situation]

Stock#: 36675

Map Maker: Mass Culture Society Publisher

Date: 1960 circa **Place:** Taipei, Taiwan

Color: Color **Condition:** VG+

Size: 44 x 30.5 inches

Price: SOLD



Description:

Remarkable Series of Taiwanese Classroom Hanging Maps Covering the Modern History of China

The map series was published by the Mass Culture Society Publisher [☐☐☐☐☐], a short-lived publisher that specialized in educational materials, under the direction of Taiwan National University Professor Lin Shoukong [☐☐☐].

Used as teaching aids in Taiwanese schools and universities, the series constructs a narrative of Chinese history that supported the political project of the Nationalist government of Chiang Kai-shek in the 1960s. Overall, the series includes small scale maps, depicting macro-level developments affecting the Middle Kingdom, while two large-scale maps and numerous insets provide local-level details.

This Map: Early Ming Borderland Situation

The earliest map chronologically in the series, this map charts developments in China's borderlands during the Early Ming (1368-1424), a period of vigorous growth under competent Han Chinese emperors. The red arrows indicate Ming expansion against neighboring, non-Chinese polities. Black arrows on both the main map and the inset trace the early voyages of Ming Admiral Zheng He (1405-1433), whose treasure ships ventured as far as the eastern coast of Africa. These arrows, and the corresponding



Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

7407 La Jolla Boulevard La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500 blr@raremaps.com

[Early Ming Borderland Situation]

victories of Ming Chinese armies, are the most prominent features of the map. The overall impression is one of Han Chinese superiority over neighboring peoples.

For mid-century Chinese Nationalists, the Ming, as the last ethnically Han dynasty who ruled over a golden age of Chinese culture, were important historical models. This map, which represents the highpoint of Ming power and marks the beginning of the series, would serve as a reminder of China's historical greatness and as a powerful precedent for the Republican political project.

Publishing context of the series

The 1960s were a fascinating decade in the history of the Republic of China. Taiwan was on the front line of the global Cold War, and cross-strait relations were tense. The Chinese Nationalist Party, led by an aging Chiang Kai-shek, maintained martial law on the island, and the Modern History of China Hanging Map Series reflects the political climate in Taiwan at the time. The series had to be approved by the Ministry of the Interior, indicated by the registration number given in fine print at the bottom of each map.

Born in Henan on the mainland, Professor Lin Shoukong, the historical advisor to the publisher, fled with the Nationalists to Taiwan in 1949, becoming one of the Republic's most important intellectuals. He published several textbooks that were standard in Taiwanese schools, and it is likely that teachers used these maps in conjunction with one of these textbooks.

The keystone to the Nationalists' political project during this period was their assertion that they were the legitimate rulers of all China, and by extension of Taiwan's education system, and these maps in particular served to inculcate this notion in the minds of students.

Viewed in sequence, the series begin at the ethnically Han Chinese Ming Dynasty's high point, with an inset depicting Zheng He's Voyages throughout the South China Sea and Indian Ocean. The fall of the Ming and the rise of the Qing make up the second sub-section of maps. A majority of the maps depict developments during China's "Century of Humiliation" (1839-1945), when weak, ethnically Manchu rulers allowed foreign powers to chip away at Chinese sovereignty leading to fragmentation and immiseration of the once-mighty Chinese empire. The final maps in the series depict the rebirth of China under Sun Yat Sen and the heroic defense of the nation against Japan by the Nationalists under Chiang Kai-shek, omitting the victory of the Communists in the Chinese Civil War.

The sequence implies a teleology in which the Han people, brought low for centuries by foreign oppression, would regain control of the Middle Kingdom. The maps thus reinforced the founding myth of the Chinese Nationalist Party in the minds of students facing the political uncertainties of 1960s Taiwan.



Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

7407 La Jolla Boulevard La Jolla, CA 92037 www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500 blr@raremaps.com

[Early Ming Borderland Situation]

These maps are remarkable artifacts from a short-lived publishing house. They reflect an important period in Chinese and Taiwanese history.

Rarity

As these maps were ephemeral and used in a classroom setting, their survival is uncommon. We have located only three complete sets, two in Taiwan schools and one in the National Library of Australia.

Detailed Condition:

Drawer Ref: Rolled Maps Stock#: 36675