



# Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

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## A Map of Texas, compiled from Surveys recorded in the Land Office of Texas, and other Official Surveys.

**Stock#:** 36403  
**Map Maker:** Arrowsmith  
**Date:** 1841  
**Place:** London  
**Color:** Outline Color  
**Condition:** VG  
**Size:** 23.5 x 20 inches  
**Price:** SOLD



### Description:

A nice example of Arrowsmith's landmark map of Texas, bound into William Kennedy's *The Rise, Progress, and Prospects of the Republic of Texas*, published in London in 1841.

John Arrowsmith first issued his *Map of Texas* in 1841 in his famous London Atlas. The map also appeared in William Kennedy's book *The Rise, Progress and Prospects of the Republic of Texas* in the same year. Arrowsmith again published the Texas map in his 1843 atlas. The map immediately became the model for maps of the new republic and was copied extensively by other publishers.

Arrowsmith's map contains the most up-to-date depiction of the latest political divisions. In addition, four years of study by the General Land Office of Texas provided Arrowsmith with the latest information on geographical features, roadways, and the location of Indian tribes. The seals of the Republic of Texas and the General Land Office of Texas appear beneath the title. Below, a statement indicates that Texas was "Recognized as an Independent State by Great Britain, 16th Nov.r 1840."



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The map was issued at a time when Great Britain was actively trying to establish a source for cotton in an independent Texas, and so opposed its annexation to the United States. British diplomats attempted to draw a treaty with Texas, France, and Mexico while the United States debated the issue of Texas' admission to the union. Arrowsmith's map stands as an endorsement of the most extensive territorial claims made by the Republic of Texas.

Martin & Martin note:

*Arrowsmith's map was probably the first to show the full extent of Texas's claim to the region of the upper Rio Grande, an area included within Texas's boundaries until the Compromise of 1850.. The popularity and general acceptance of the map has been documented by the fact that many map makers copied liberally from Arrowsmith's map, including some of its errors. For example, a number of later maps continued Arrowsmith's statement printed on the western, arid region of Texas that "this tract of Country explored by LeGrande in 1833 is naturally fertile well wooded & with a fair proportion of water.*

Editorial comments throughout the map reveal its intention to encourage development with phrases such as "good land," "rich land well timbered," "beautiful prairie," and "valuable land." A forest shown below the Red River is Lower Cross Timbers, which was considered in 1834 by the U.S. Government to be the "western boundary of habitable land."

A nice example of this highly influential map.

**Detailed Condition:**

Archivally tipped to a map board for framing.