

## Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

7407 La Jolla Boulevard La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500 blr@raremaps.com

## Grundriss von Neu-Orleans Nach dem Manuscripten in dem Schatez der Karten der Marine... 1744

Stock#:	27663
Map Maker:	Bellin

Date:1744Place:ParisColor:Hand ColoredCondition:VG+Size:11 x 7.5 inches

Price: SOLD

	un definite von C. Intendanten Vars. H. Heffortal.	ch don Manuteripten in dem Se N. Wind and Roft-Mahle O. Jahappen der Manne	hatze der Karten der Marine 0 (m N.B. Jog Q. Hatten der Nigren, wilde für der B. Palver-Mikke	
C. Capuciner Klefter . D. Gefangnifie . E. Corps de garde	L. Urfelenennen K. Keenigliche Magarine L. Cafernen	man bauet. P. Danger Corps de garde.	8. Noues Haus der Urselaneronen Maafi-flab	so thefen
F. Gewendnent:	M. Konigliche Schmade.			- Coyes
	basha valler Figler	Bymberdd		
	Analysis and a second s		Acerbaar Jong/e	-
100				-
	Rei Rinde Kinge			_
1.			Charter Jonale	
	Tay our inflation			
1		AX.	Station of the local division of the local d	
C TRANSPORT		LUSS MISSISSIPI		W.S. at

## **Description**:

German edition of Bellin's seminal map of New Orleans.

This first state is distinguishable from subsequent states by the inclusion of the date, the position of the title of the map and the note in the lower right corner that the map was engraved by Dheulland. The map includes the earliest obtainable plan of New Orleans, complete with a key naming 18 placenames. The plan names the streets and well over 100 buildings ar shown.

In 1720 the Duke of Orleans sent the Jesuit scholar and explorer Pierre François-Xavier de Charlevoix to America to record events in New France and Louisiana and determine the best route to the Pacific Ocean. Charlevoix gathered geographic information from fur traders in Quebec and traveled through the Great Lakes and down the Mississippi River. After he returned to France, Charlevoix published his views on North America in his *Histoire et description générale de la Nouvelle France*, which has become one of hte most important works on North America during the period prior to the French & Indian (Seven Years) War.

Thomas Jefferson owned a copy of Charlevoix's *Histoire et description générale de la Nouvelle France* and recommended it, along with the accounts of Hennepin and Lahontan, as a "particularly useful species of reading." He referred to Charlevoix's book as he developed his own ideas of Louisiana and the Northwest.

## **Detailed Condition:**