



Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

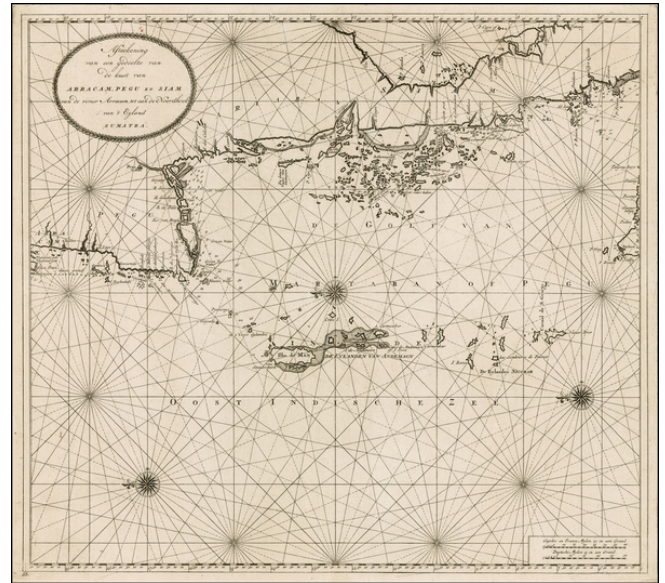
7407 La Jolla Boulevard
La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500
blr@raremaps.com

Afteekening van een gedeelte van de kust van Arracam, Pegu en Siam van de rivier Arracam, tot aan de Noordhoek van 't Eyland Sumatra.

Stock#: 0200gh
Map Maker: Van Keulen
Date: 1753
Place: Amsterdam
Color: Uncolored
Condition: VG+
Size: 23.5 x 20.5 inches
Price: SOLD



Description:

Nice example of this extremely rare map of the Andaman Sea and Strait of Malacca, from the Dutch East India Company's *Secret Atlas*.

The chart is oriented with east at the top and follows the coast of Thailand to the northern tip of Malaysia. Phuket is indicated as Iong Salang. Many Dutch names and a wealth of cities and information appear in the chart.

The map includes a latitude scale, compass rose and system of rhumb lines, soundings, anchorage's, etc.

The chart was created from manuscript charts compiled by the Dutch East India Company (VOC), which were privately maintained over the course of the VOC's 200 year history. It is the most detailed chart of the region published to date and is extremely rare, having only been issued directly to VOC merchant ships bound for the region and never offered commercially for sale. We are aware of only one other example which has been offered in a dealer catalogue in the past 25 years and no examples offered at auction.

The Dutch East India Company (in Dutch, known as the VOC: Vereenigde Geotroieerde Oostindische Compagnie), was the dominant trade force in Asia for nearly 200 years. During this time, in aid of its



**Barry Lawrence Ruderman
Antique Maps Inc.**

7407 La Jolla Boulevard
La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500
blr@raremaps.com

**Afteekening van een gedeelte van de kust van Arracam, Pegu en Siam van de rivier
Arracam, tot aan de Noordhoek van 't Eyland Sumatra.**

commerce, the VOC created many extremely detailed charts of the trading regions which it reached. From the beginning, the VOC had its own mapmakers and the charts created by these mapmakers were kept in secret, in order to maintain a trade advantage in the regions charted. The mapmaking firms of the Blaeu Family and Van Keulen Family were integrally involved in the maintenance and updating of the VOC's charts, which were maintained only in manuscript form, to minimize the risk of their falling into the hands of others.

However, beginning in 1753, the VOC began to issue a printed atlas, which included charts to navigate the waters from South Africa to Japan. The atlas was produced by Johannes (II) van Keulen, official hydrographer to the VOC, and was officially known as *Part VI of the Zee-Fakkel*. The VOC was careful to limit the use of its printed maps, so many sets are limited only to the regions which a particular merchant ship would have visited on its journey. Because the maps were working charts and closely guarded by the VOC and never sold commercially, the maps are extremely rare on the market.

Detailed Condition: