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Carta Particolare dello Stretto di Magellano e di Maire

This is a historical map of the Venetian Republic, titled "Mappa della Repubblica Veneta". The map is oriented with North at the top. It shows the Venetian lagoon and the city of Venice (Venezia) in the center. To the north, it shows the territories of Padua (Padova) and Treviso. To the east, it shows the Adriatic Sea (Mare Adriatico) and the Ionian Islands (Isole Ionie). The map is decorated with various inscriptions and a compass rose. The title "Mappa della Repubblica Veneta" is written in a decorative frame at the top. Other inscriptions include "Venezia", "Padova", "Treviso", "Udine", "Gorizia", "Trieste", "Isole Ionie", and "Mare Adriatico". The map is framed by a decorative border with various inscriptions and a compass rose.

Important early map of the Straits of Magellan and the Straits of Le Maire, the latter of which was first discovered by Jacob Le Maire and Willem Schoten only 30 years prior to the publication of the first edition of this map by Dudley in 1646.

The chart provides remarkable detail, including information which would have come to Dudley relatively shortly after Le Maire and Schoten's voyage became publicly known. The map retains the Unknown Southern Continent, which is shown in the lower left portion of the map, based upon the description provided by Sir Francis Drake.

The chart appeared in Dudley's *Arcano del Mare*, one of the rarest and most highly sought after sea atlases of the 17th Century. Dudley, an Englishman, produced this equisite work while living in Florence. Dudley, who was believed to have received some of his information directly from Sir Francis Drake, labored for decades before finally releasing the first edition of this work when he was 73 years old. Dudley's atlas is of the utmost importance, being the first Sea Atlas published by and Englishman and the first Sea Atlas to treat the entire world (not just Europe). It is also the first atlas to utilize the Mercator Projection on a uniform basis and included significant advances in "Great Circle" navigation (shortest circle around the Globe). Its inclusion of winds and currents was also a monumental first. Completed in Manuscript form in 1636, it is among the most important works in the history of European Cartography.

Robert Dudley (1574 - 1649) was the illegitimate son of Robert Dudley, 1st Earl of Leicester. In 1594, Dudley led an expedition to the West Indies, of which he wrote an account. In 1605 ,he tried unsuccessfully to establish his legitimacy in court. After that he left England and converted to Catholicism, taking up residence in Florence where he served the Grand Dukes of Tuscany in their efforts to rid the Mediterranean of Piracy. There he worked as a noted shipbuilder and designed and published *Dell'Arcano*



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del Mare, the first maritime atlas to cover the whole world. He was also a skilled navigator, mathematician and engineer. In Italy, he styled himself Earl of Warwick and Leicester as well as Duke of Northumberland. He was a friend of Sir Francis Drake and relative of Thomas Cavendish, both of whom corresponded with Dudley and likely supplied some of the information for his Atlas.

Detailed Condition: